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Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL MATHEMATICS

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Paper 3 (Core)

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MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 96

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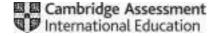
This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

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This document consists of 6 printed pages.



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Cambridge IGCSE – Mark Scheme PUBLISHED

Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit
 is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme,
 referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these
 features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The
 meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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MARK SCHEME NOTES

The following notes are intended to aid interpretation of mark schemes in general, but individual mark schemes may include marks awarded for specific reasons outside the scope of these notes.

Types of mark

- M Method marks, awarded for a valid method applied to the problem.
- A Accuracy mark, awarded for a correct answer or intermediate step correctly obtained. For accuracy marks to be given, the associated Method mark must be earned or implied.
- B Mark for a correct result or statement independent of Method marks.

When a part of a question has two or more 'method' steps, the M marks are in principle independent unless the scheme specifically says otherwise; and similarly where there are several B marks allocated. The notation 'dep' is used to indicate that a particular M or B mark is dependent on an earlier mark in the scheme.

Abbreviations

awrt answers which round to cao correct answer only

dep dependent

FT follow through after error isw ignore subsequent working nfww not from wrong working

oe or equivalent

rot rounded or truncated

SC Special Case soi seen or implied

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Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
1(a)(i)	17 or 25	1	
1(a)(ii)	14	1	
1(a)(iii)	25	1	
1(b)	20 23	2	B1 for 20 B1 for 23 or <i>their</i> 20 + 3
1(c)	3700	1	
1(d)(i)	68.44	1	
1(d)(ii)	68.4	1	
1(e)	14.4	2	B1 for $2 \times (4.8) + 3 \times (1.6)$ seen
1(f)	2300	1	
2(a)	61	2	B1 for 3×12
2(b)	36	2	M1 for $\frac{20}{100} \times 30$ or better or $\frac{120}{100} \times 30$ oe
2(c)	24	2	B1 for $\frac{25-19}{25}$ or 76%
3(a)	18	1	
3(b)	$\frac{5}{18}$ oe	1	FT their (a)
3(c)	Bars correctly drawn	2	B1 for 2 or 3 bars correct
4(a)	15	1	
4(b)	<u>11</u> 36	1	
4(c)	100	2	M1 for $\frac{10}{36}$ or $\frac{360}{36}$
5(a)(i)	VIED	2	B1 for any 2 correct
5(a)(ii)	IN	2	B1 for one correct or one or two correct and some incorrect
5(a)(iii)	I	1	
5(a)(iv)	R	1	
5(b)(i)	26	1	

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
5(b)(ii)	22	1	
6(a)	$\frac{8}{15} \text{ and } \frac{7}{15} \text{ oe}$ $\frac{7}{14} \text{ and } \frac{7}{14} \text{ oe}$ $\frac{8}{14} \text{ and } \frac{6}{14} \text{ oe}$	3	B1 for each branch correct
6(b)	$\frac{56}{210}$ oe	2	M1 for $\frac{8}{15} \times \frac{their7}{14}$
7(a)	Reflection <i>x</i> -axis oe	2	B1 for each
7(b)	Translation $\begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$	2	B1 for each
7(c)	Triangle with vertices at $(-3, -2)$, $(-4, -5)$ and $(-1, -5)$	2	B1 for correct rotation about another point.
7(d)	Rotation about (-3, -1) through 180°	2	FT their (c) B1 for reflection or rotation
8(a)	$100 + 250 + 250 + 0.5 \times 2 \times \pi \times 50$	M2	or M1 for $100 + 250 + 250$ or $0.5 \times 2 \times \pi \times 50$
	757.0 to 757.1	A1	
8(b)	3.44 or 3.440 to 3.441	1	
8(c)	4.54 or 4.542 to 4.543	3	M2 for $\frac{757}{1000} \times 60$ or M1 for dividing by 1000 or multiplying by 60 or $\frac{10}{60}$ seen or B1 for 75.7
8(d)	28900 or 28920 to 28930	3	M1 for 100×250 and M1 for $[0.5 \times] \pi \times 50^2$
8(e)	8380 to 8390	1	FT from their (d)
9(a)	Points plotted correctly	2	B1 for 2 points plotted correctly
9(b)(i)	6	1	FT their (a)
9(b)(ii)	18	1	FT their (a)
9(b)(iii)	1 oe	2	M1 for their rise their run

Question	Answer	Marks	Partial Marks
9(c)	(5, 5)	1	
9(d)	x = 8	1	
10(a)(i)	90	1	
10(a)(ii)	80	1	
10(a)(iii)	160	2	M1 for recognising $OCD = 10$
10(a)(iv)	25	1	
10(b)	94	3	M2 for $(5-2) \times 180 = (5x + 70)$ oe or M1 for $(5-2) \times 180$ or $x + x + 25 + x + 15 + x + 10 + x + 20$
11(a)	2	1	
11(b)(i)	$\frac{7}{20}$ oe	1	
11(b)(ii)	$\frac{8}{20}$ oe	1	
11(c)	15	1	
11(d)	Correct shading	1	
12(a)	11	2	M1 for 5×3
12(b)(i)	5 <i>a</i> – 7 <i>b</i>	2	M1 for 5 <i>a</i> or –7 <i>b</i>
12(b)(ii)	2	1	
12(c)(i)	10	1	
12(c)(ii)	7	2	M1 for $7x = 49$
12(d)	8x + 10 or 2(4x + 5)	2	M1 for $(4x + 8)$ or $(4x + 2)$
12(e)	x < 3	1	
12(f)	[x =] 5 $[y =] 1 with working$	2	B1 for each number with working If 0 scored, SC1 for correct substitution and evaluation to find the other variable SC1 if no working shown but answers are correct
13(a)	- 0.886 or - 0.8660 and 3.39 or 3.386	2	B1 for each number If 0 scored, SC1 for (-0.89, 3.4)
13(b)	(1.25, 9.125)	2	B1 for each number
13(c)	x = 1.25	1	FT their (b)